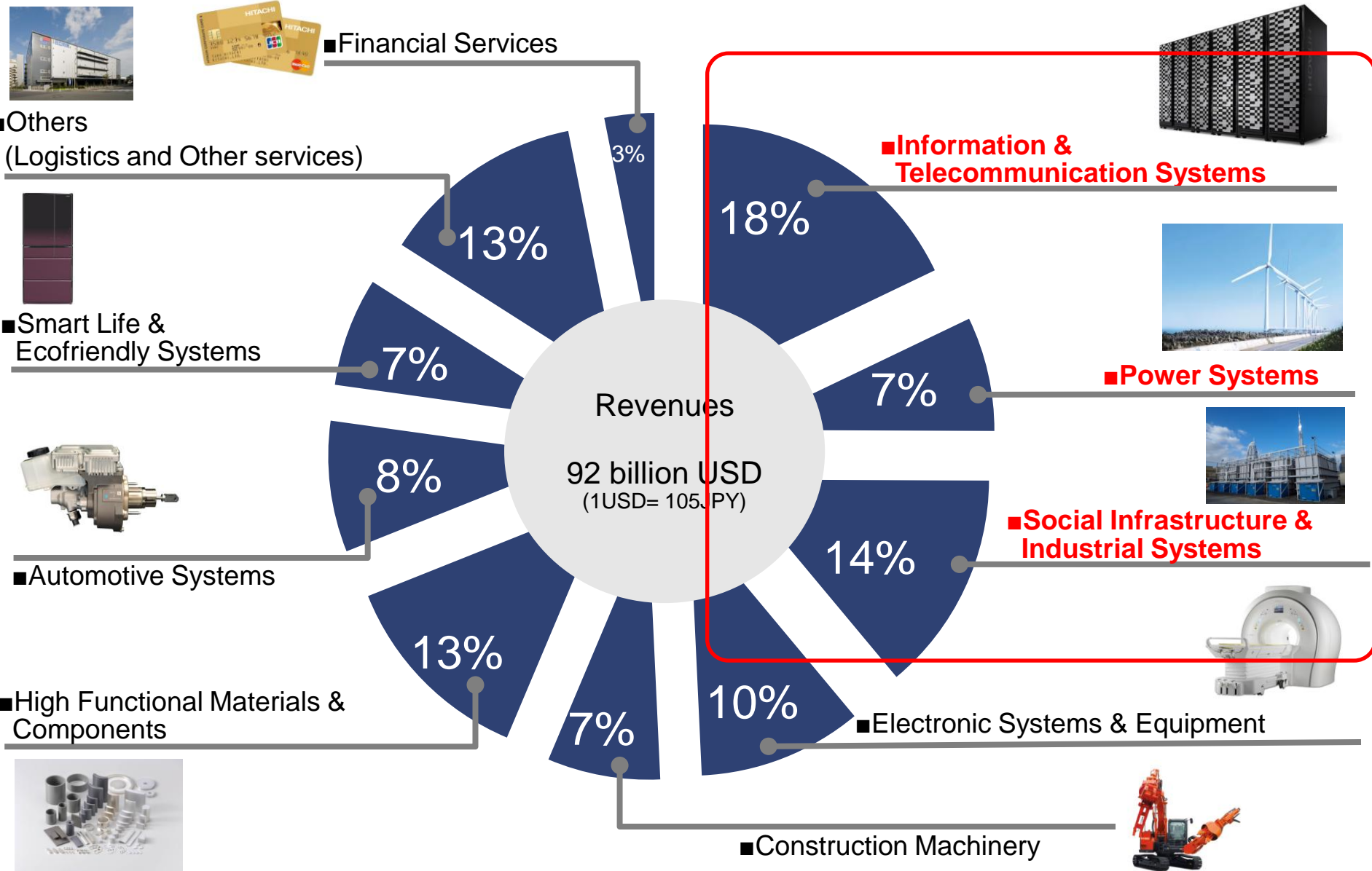
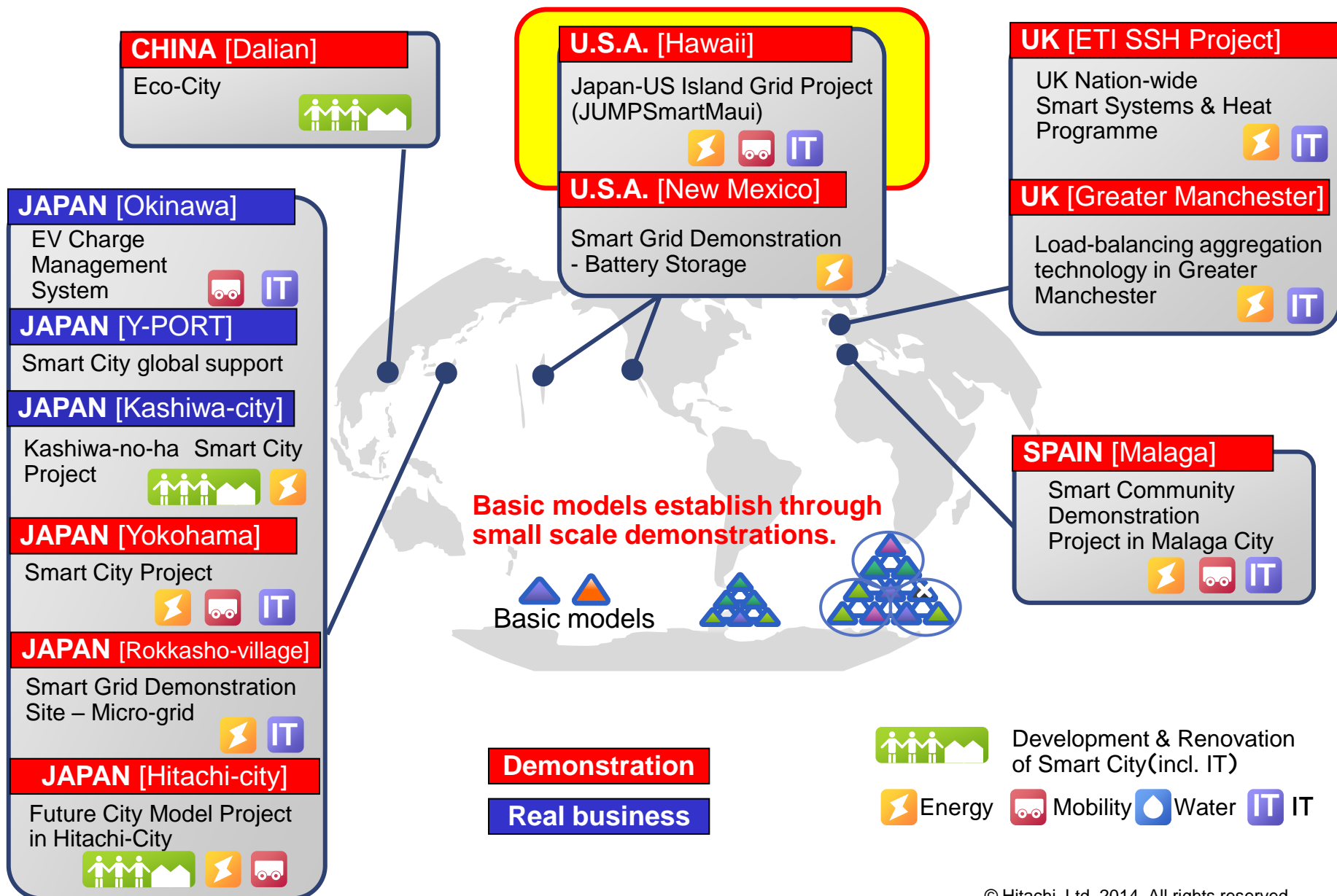


- 
1. Brief introduction of Hitachi
  2. JUMPSmartMaui Ph1
  3. JUMPSmartMaui Ph2
  4. Other solutions from Hitachi

# 1-1. Business fields of Hitachi (FY2013)

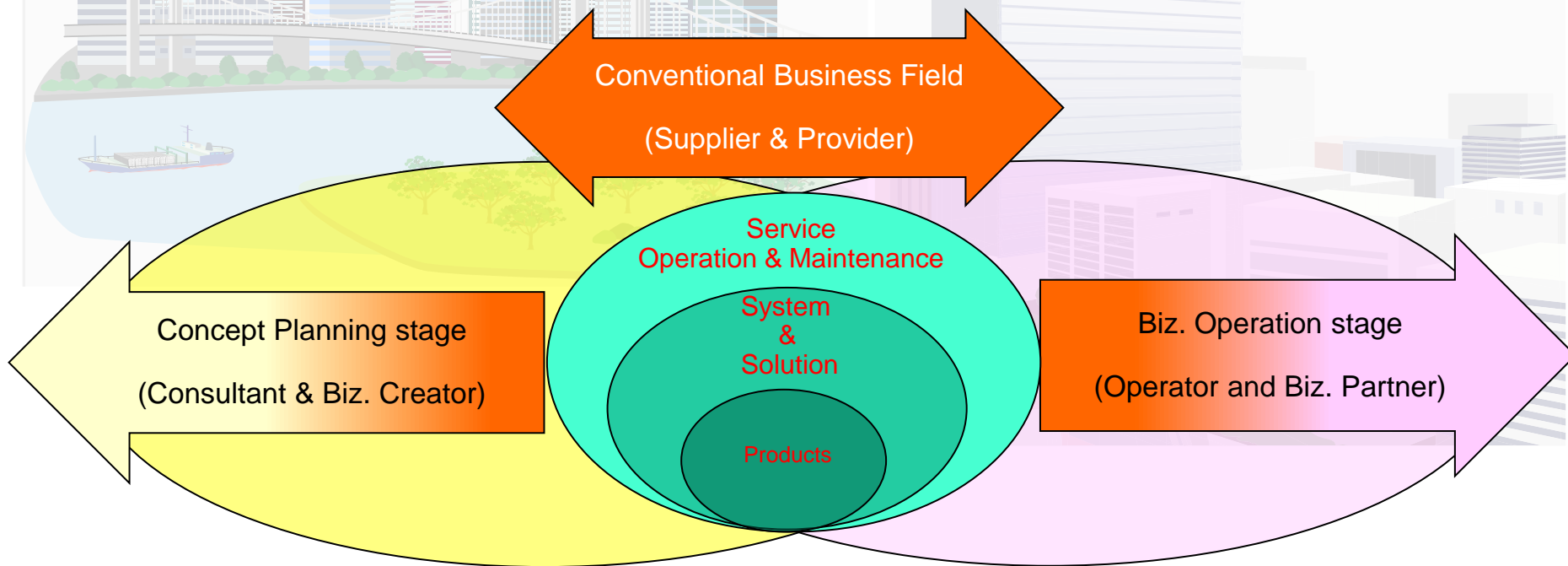


# 1-2. Major activities for Smart Community of Hitachi



# 1-3. Smart xx solutions as Social Innovation Biz.

- Smart Community movement is expanding and creating its new business fields. It has several features from city construction to city management service. Players in these markets are required to enhance and stretch their business style.



- Best solution to the stakeholder will be different from others.

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \text{Existing Infrastructure} \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \text{Investment cost} \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \text{Technology Level} \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \text{Stakeholder contribution} \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \text{Optimum Smart Infrastructure} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- 
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## 2-1. JUMPSmartMaui Project: Stakeholders



**Hawaiian  
Electric**



**Maui  
Electric**



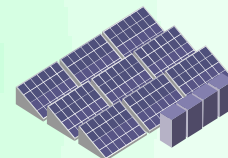
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### Achieving 65% renewable energy in Hawaii by 2030

- ◆ Hawaii has the highest dependence on oil by far among the 50 states.
- ◆ Electricity prices in Hawaii have more than tripled the United States average price due to soaring crude oil prices.



- By 2030, the state of Hawaii has set a goal to produce 40% of its electricity demand by renewable energy (RE), from around 10% at 2010.
- RE ratio is significantly increasing in the state of Hawaii. In particular, Maui county of the state already accounts 30% RE of the total electricity demand with 72MW of wind turbine and 40MW of photovoltaic as of the end of 2013.
- On August 26, 2014, Hawaiian Electric Companies revealed their plan:
  - More than 65% RE
  - Nearly triple the amount of distributed solar
  - Electric bills reduced by 20 percent





## 2-3. JUMPSmartMaui: Issues and solutions



In Maui, large scale renewable energy resources have been introduced. In addition, PV and EV high penetrations have been expected.

### Issues

- Excess Energy
- Influence on frequency
- Influence on distribution line voltage

### Six cutting-edge initiatives as solutions

1. Energy Efficiency

Maximum Utilization of Renewable Energy

2. Stabilization/Balancing

DLC and Advanced Load Shift as Demand Response function

3. EV infrastructure & QC stations

EV charger control and Batteries

4. Cyber Security

Ensure adequate security

5. Autonomous System

Energy control via Autonomous Decentralized System

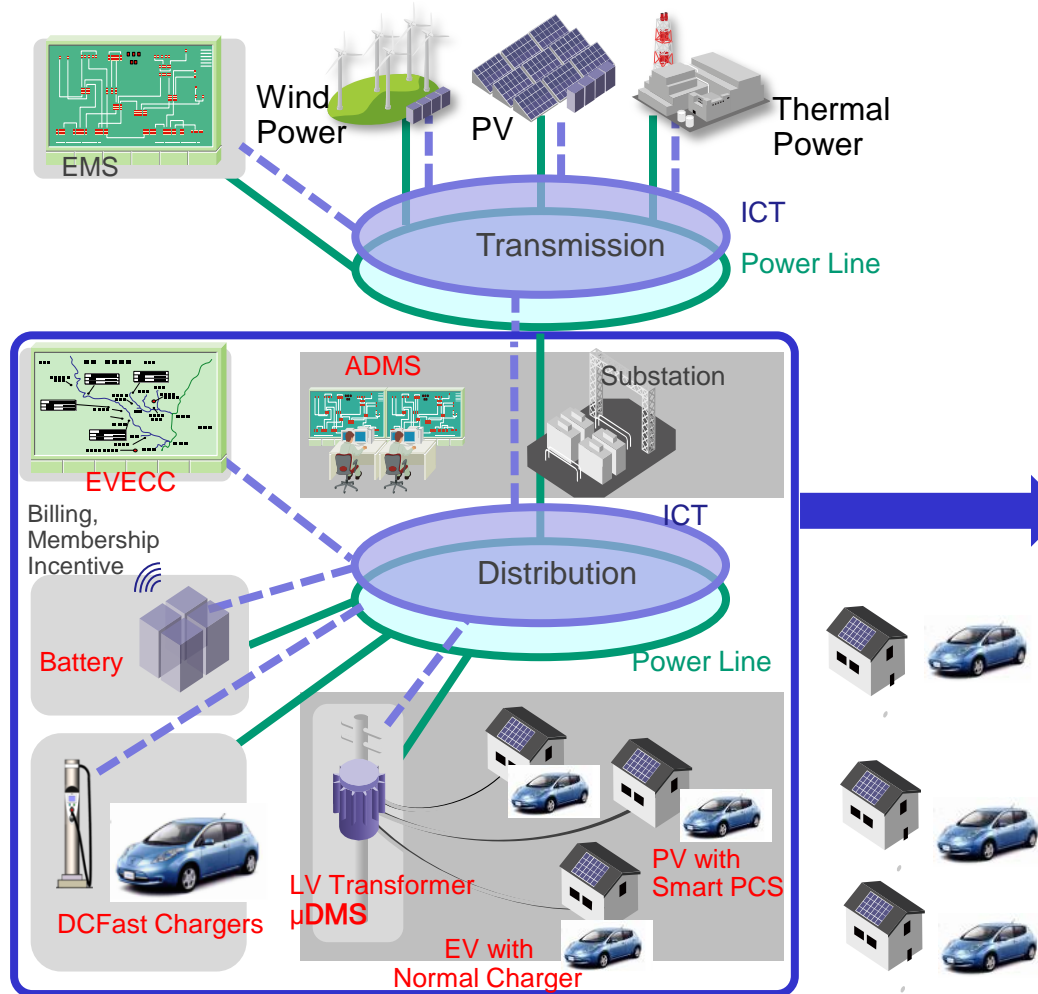
6. ICT Technology

ICT technologies to improve Quality of Life



## 2-4. JUMPSmartMaui: Overview

- EV batteries are utilized as stationed Batteries for storing excess energy and controlling frequency fluctuation.



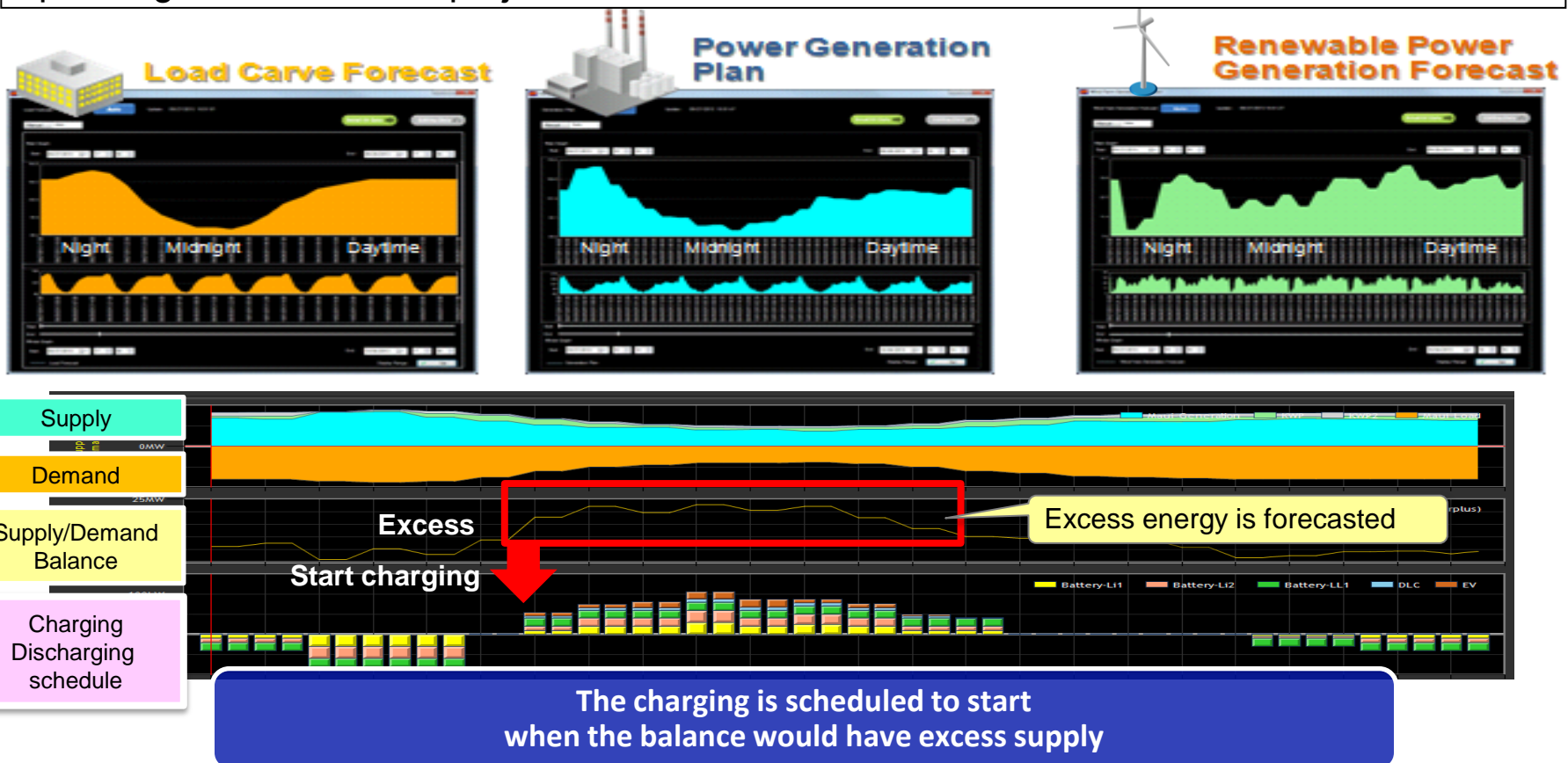
Demonstration will be implemented by 200 EVs and 40 Residences in whole island of Maui.  
(Final target is to establish EV-Virtual Power Plant)



### Maximum Utilization of Renewable Energy

#### Advanced load shift

Helps shift energy demand by integrating forecasts of renewable power generation with the operating schedule of the project's batteries.



The conventional load shift technology

+

Advanced

### Stable Supply of Electric Power

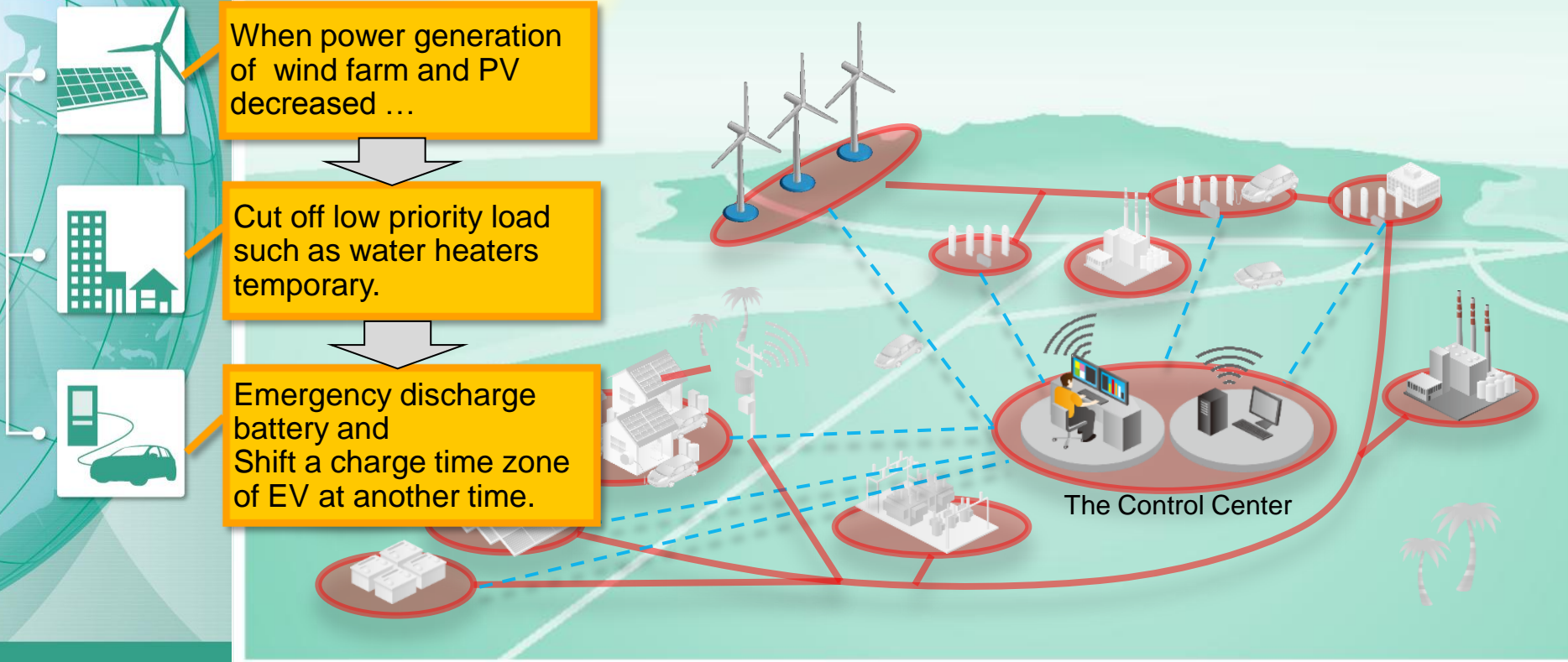
#### Emergency demand and supply control

Keeps the electric power system stable by controlling and helping to restore loss of balance between power supply and demand.

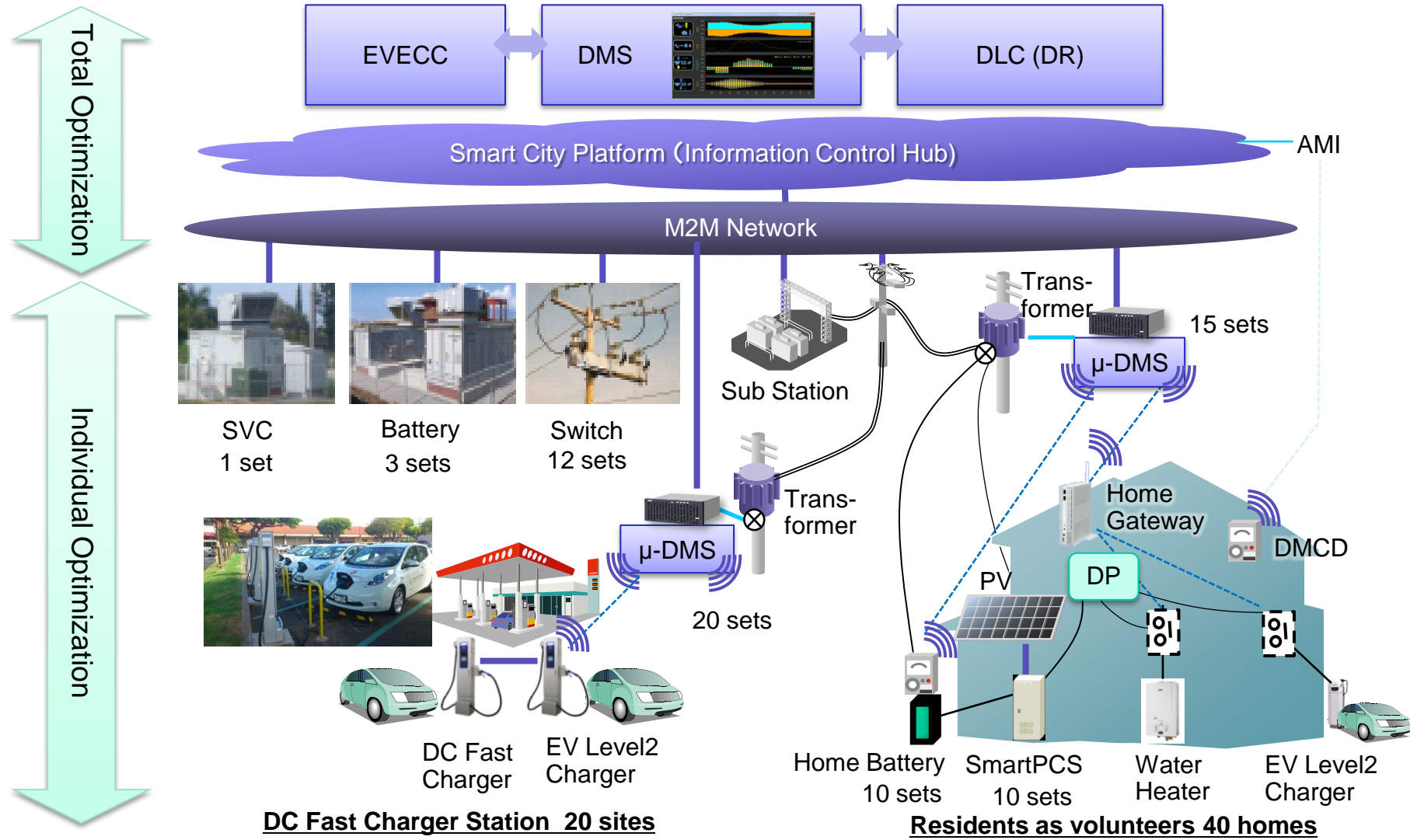
When power generation of wind farm and PV decreased ...

Cut off low priority load such as water heaters temporary.

Emergency discharge battery and Shift a charge time zone of EV at another time.



# 2-7. JSM: Hierarchical configuration



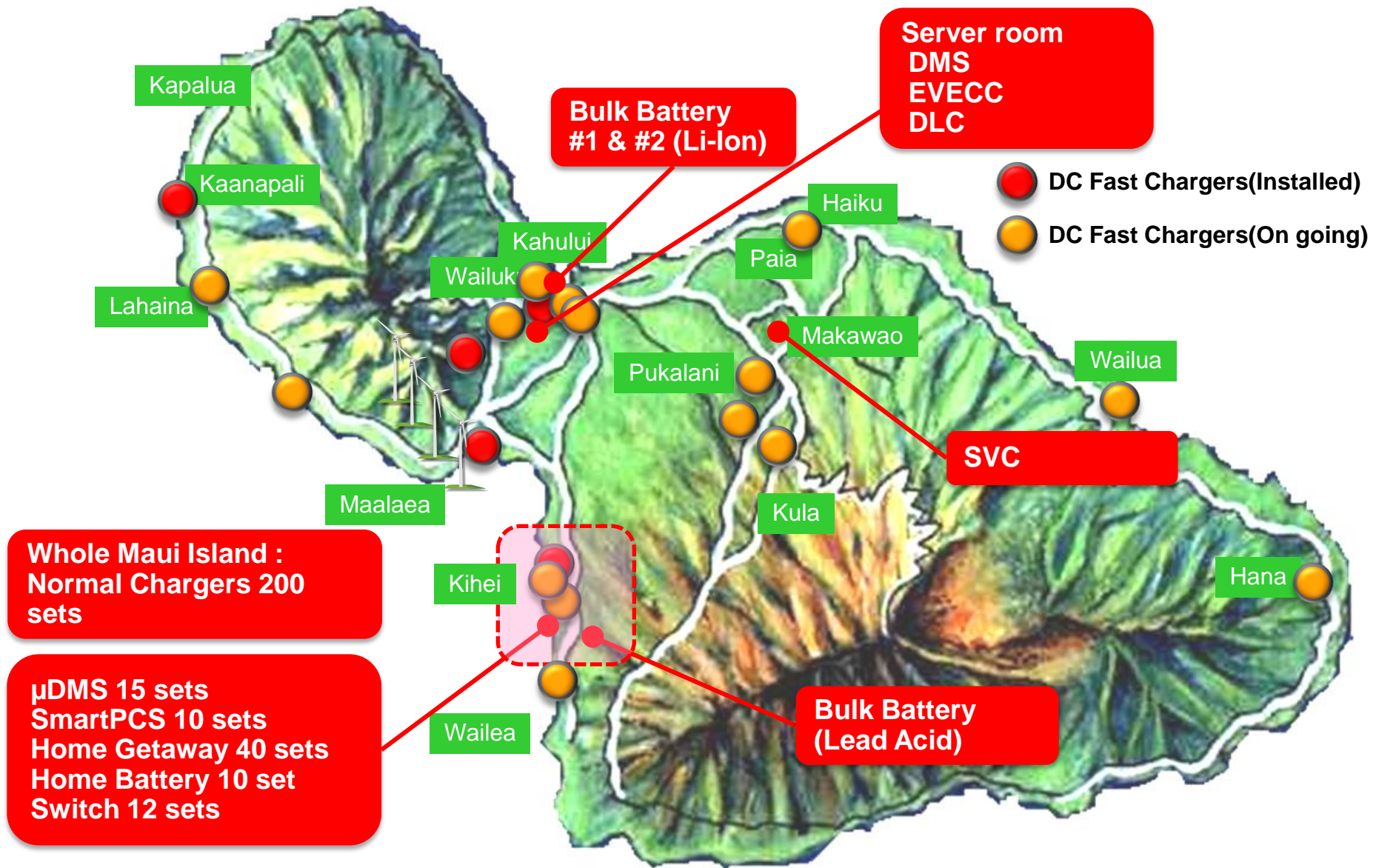
EVECC: EV Energy Control Center  
 DMS: Distributed Management System  
 DLC: Direct Load Control  
 DR: Demand Response

AMI: Advanced Metering Infrastructure  
 M2M: Machine to Machine  
 SVC: Static Var Compensator  
 DMCD: Data Measuring & Communication Device

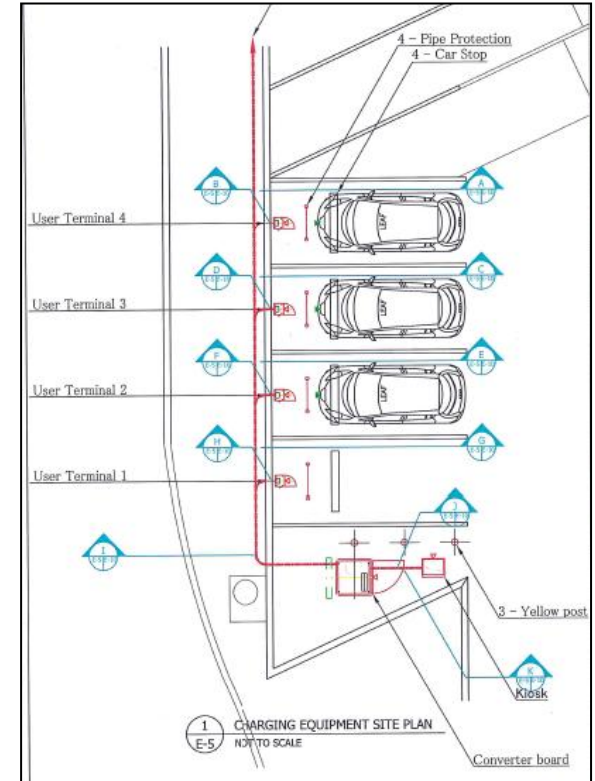
DP: Distribution Panel  
 PV: Photovoltaic  
 PCS: Power Conditioning System



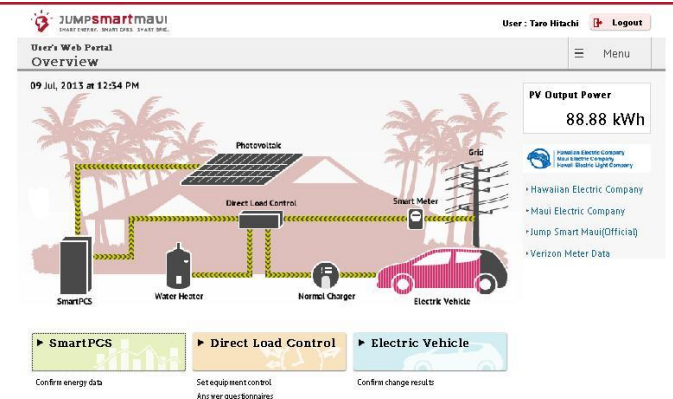
## 2-8. JSM: Locations of equipment



# 2-9. JSM: Example of DCFC installation



DCFC: Direct Current Fast Charger



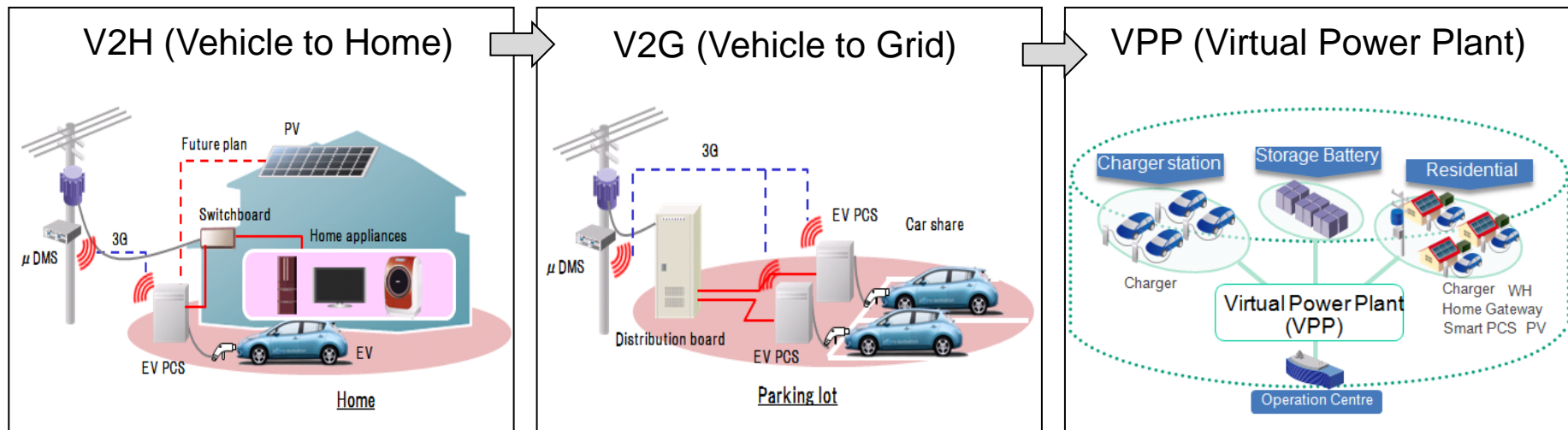
- 
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## Phase2: Demonstration with “Dis-charging” function

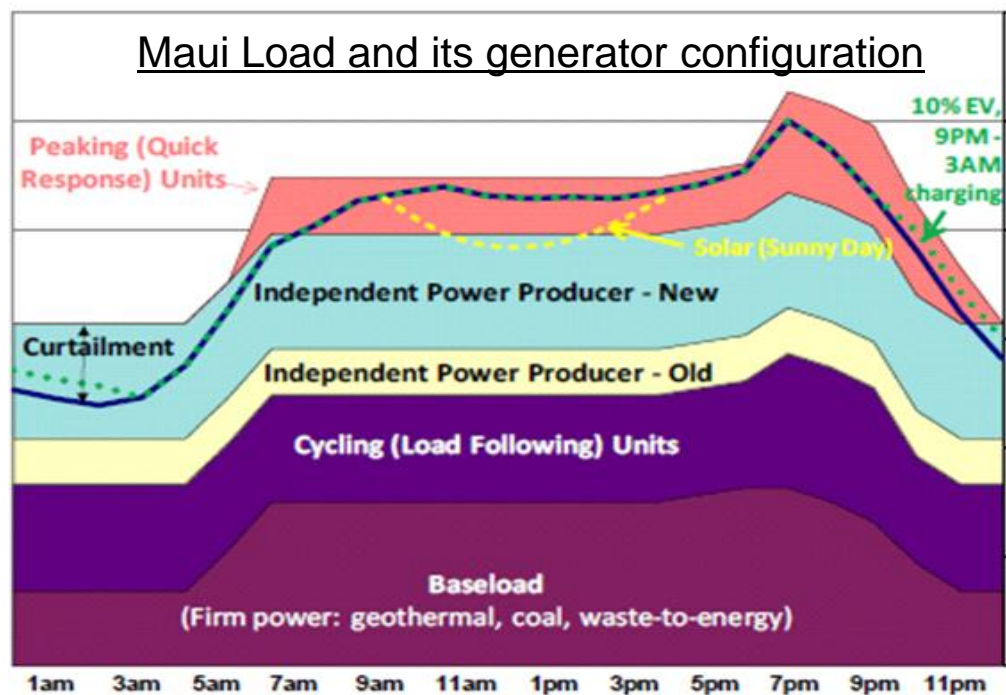
By demonstration in highly RE penetrated area like Maui:

Phase2 will evaluate using integrated, controlled EV battery discharge and management of distributed loads including V2X, as a “Virtual Power Plant (VPP)”

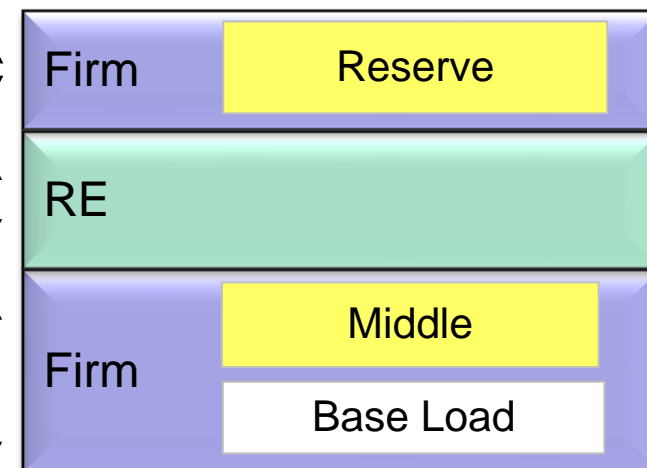


**Virtual Power Plant (VPP):**  
Aggregating and optimizing available distributed energy resources (such as EV, storage and home side energy capability) to use optional energy sources

VPP system conducts integrated management of distributed energy resources while assuring the reliability, to provide energy supply and reserve power like a generation facility

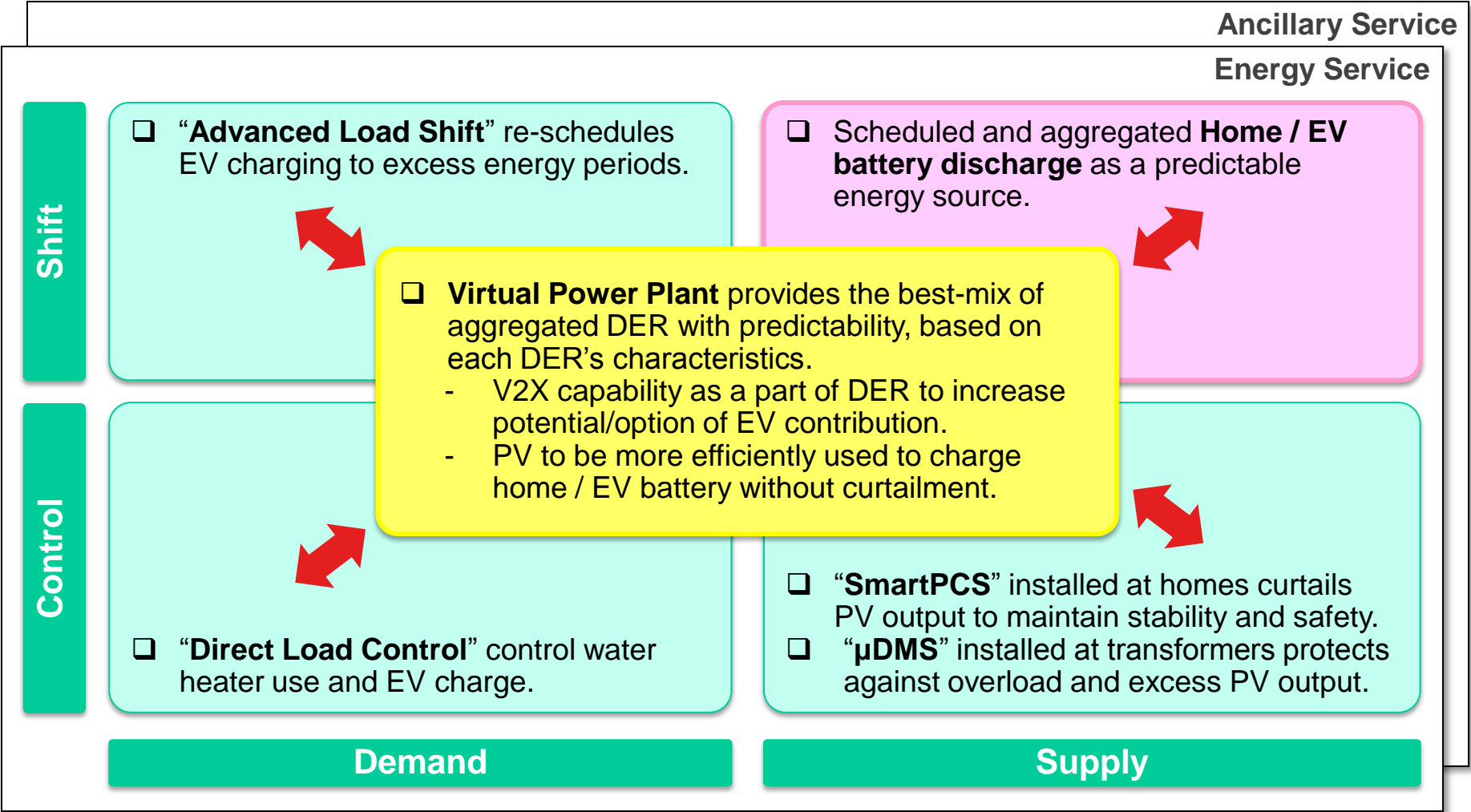


Current situation



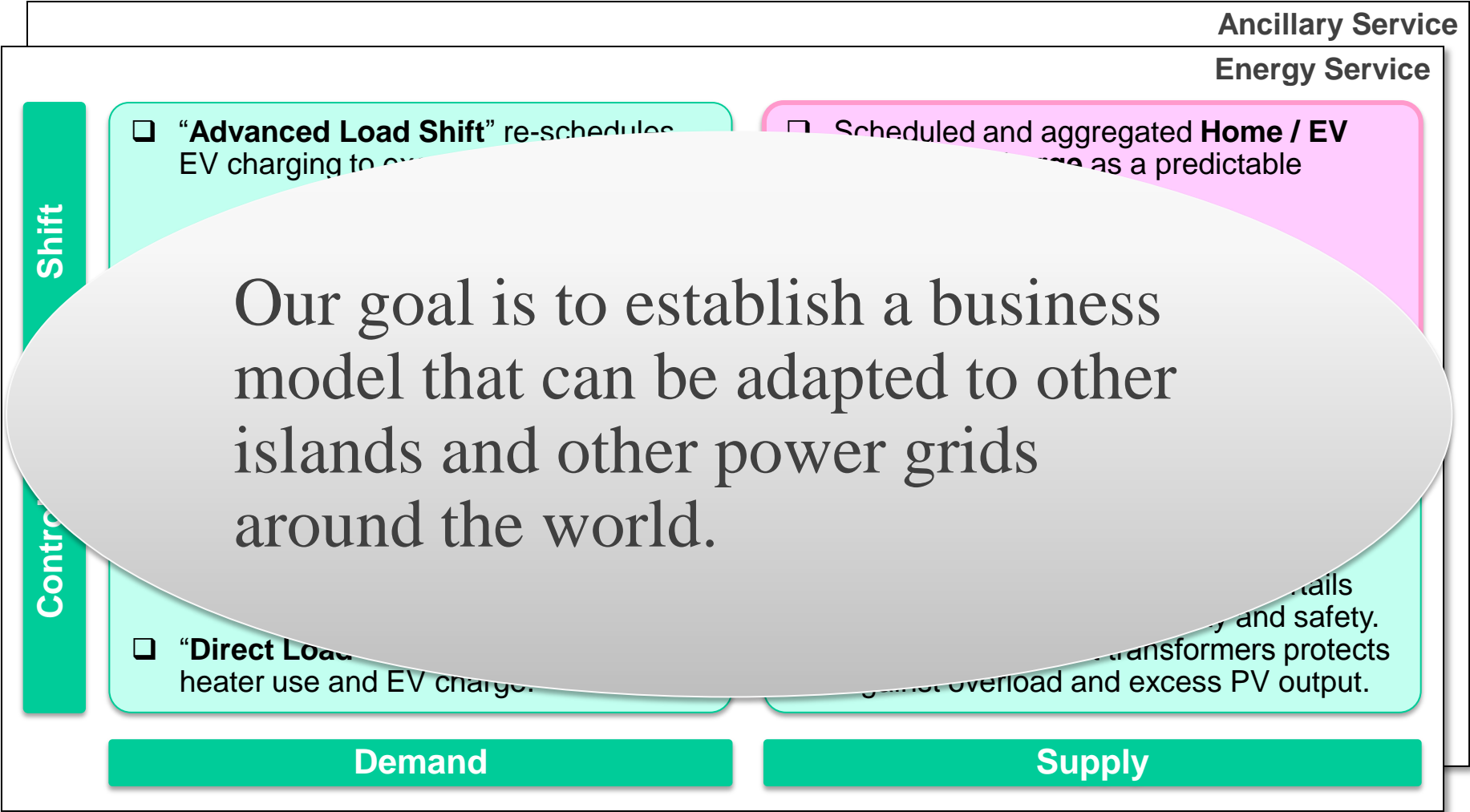
Targeting

Some parts of functionality of firm generations can be substituted by VPP as optional flexible source



Ph.1

Ph.2



Ph.1

Ph.2

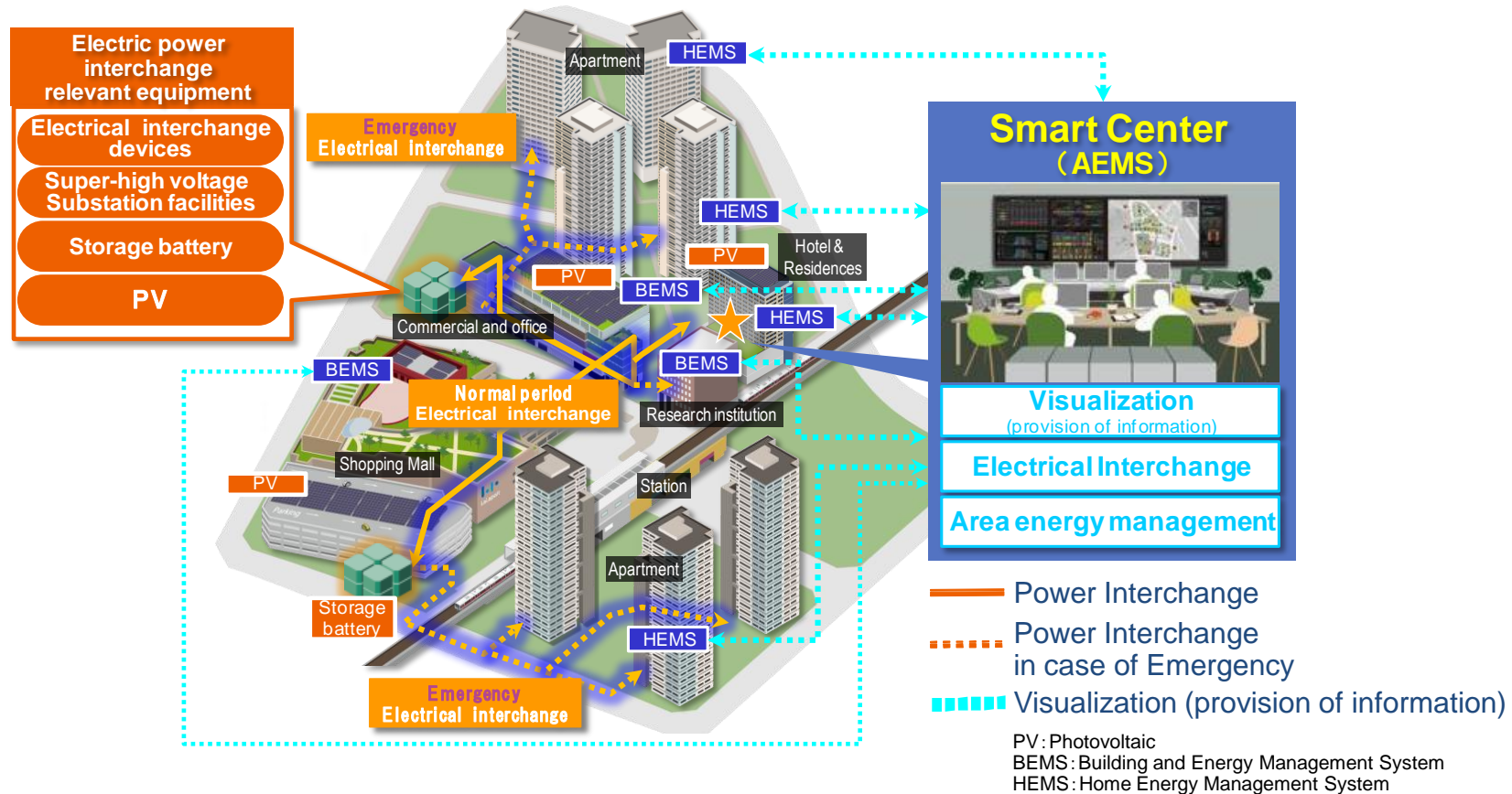
- 
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# 4-1. Recent microgrid project: Kashiwa-no-ha



## “Smart Center” manages regional energy

- Visualize energy consumption such as electricity, water and gas.
- Interchange power supply between different blocks in the town.



- “Kashiwa-no-Ha Smart Center” has begun operations from May, 2014.
- Aiming to provide new services by utilizing Big Data.

## 4-2. Kashiwa-no-ha Smart-City (Value 1 of AEMS)

### Value 1 Promote Eco-friendly Lifestyle

### The Action Navigation

#### Smart Center



- The support through advice, such as energy saving residents
- Contributing through advice to energy interchange
- Instructions action to tenants to imposition of BCP

Electricity, Water, Gas consumption

Eco navigation screen  
(Reference Example)



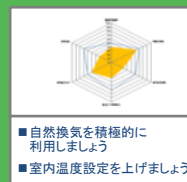
### The Action Navigation

#### The visualization of energy consumption



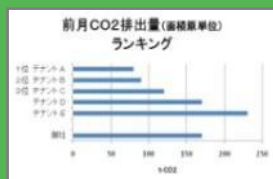
Visualization of the energy consumption of each tenant and the entire

#### Operational advice



Manifested in radar chart a KPI number of items.  
Shows operational advice to suit the condition of the apartment and climate.

#### View of benchmark



Comparison in the same category tenants, and housing

#### Power saving advice (in emergency mode)

- 14時から計画停電が始まります
- 照明を半分消灯してください
  - 自然換気を使用してください
  - パソコンはバッテリーを利用してください

The view on the screen shows how to operate equipment



## 4-3. Kashiwa-no-ha Smart-City (Value 2 of AEMS)

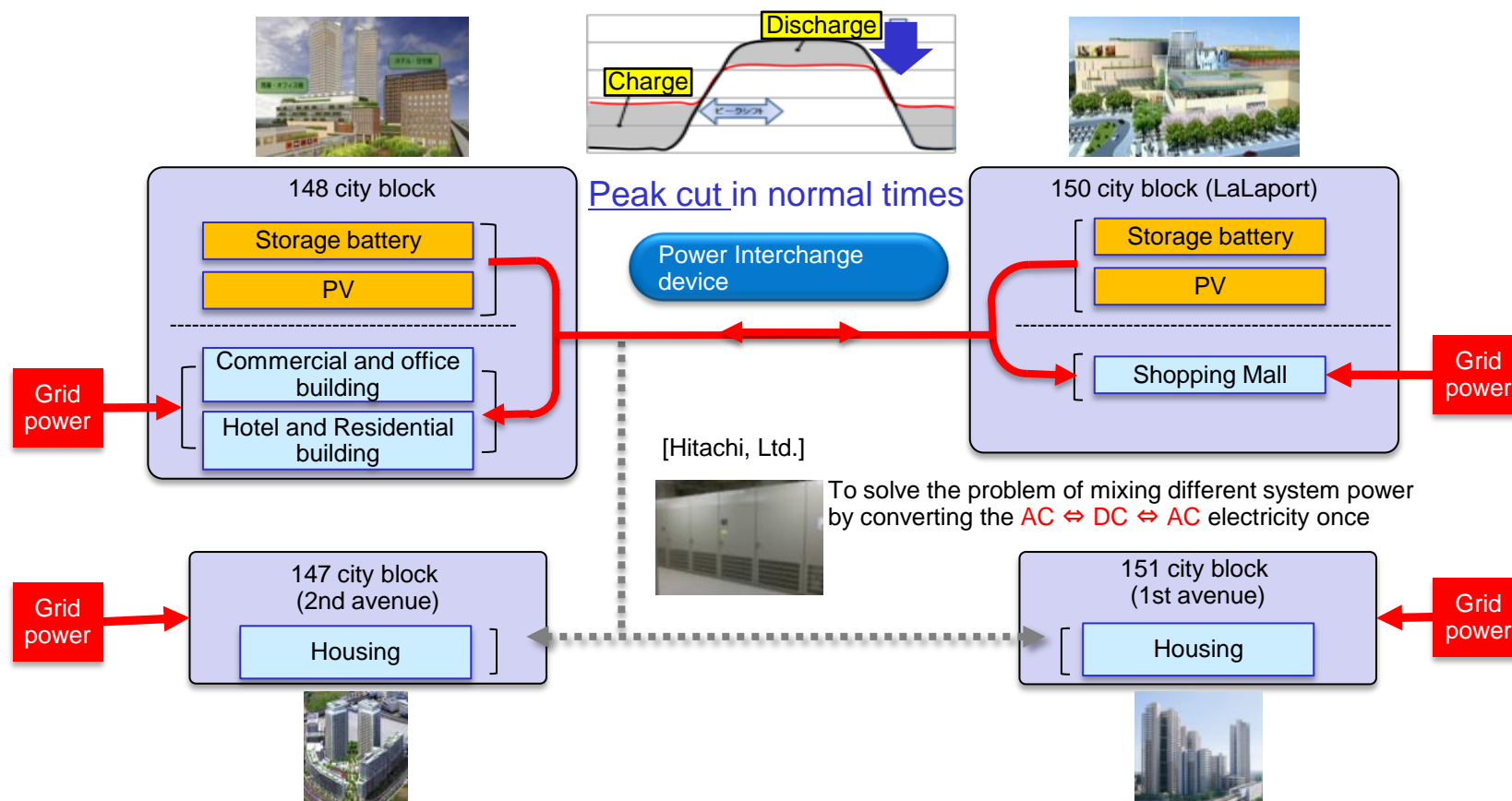
Value 2 Reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emission and electricity cost

Power Interchange

Normal mode

Electric power interchange between buildings of different power peaks

Lower electricity cost through **peak cut/shift** in total



The AEMS manages PV, batteries and the power interchange equipment to carry out peak cut/shift through controlling energy flow between the city blocks.

The Power interchange equipment and self-power line, to carry out peak-shift & peak-cut across the city block.

It will contribute to low-carbon of the whole city.

## 4-4. Kashiwa-no-ha Smart-City (Value 3 of AEMS)

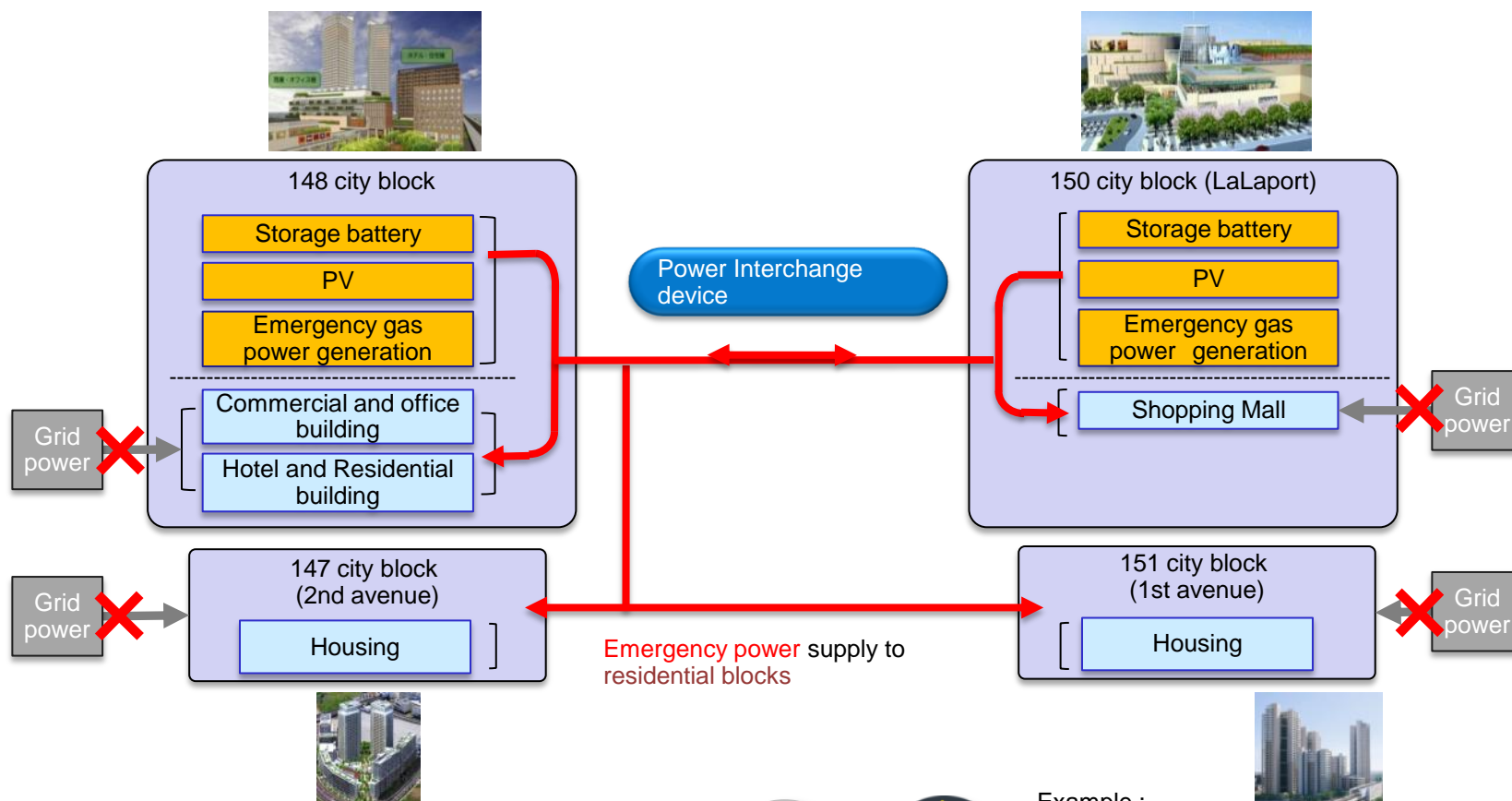
Value 3    Maintain safe and secure life in case of blackout    BCP/LCP measures

Emergency mode

Self-consumption without power supply from the grid



Continuation of business and life with self-generated power supply



In case of disaster, and to provide power to life support loads, carve-up in the city district energy.



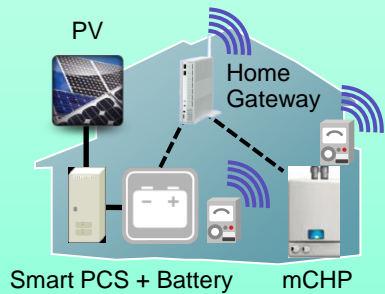
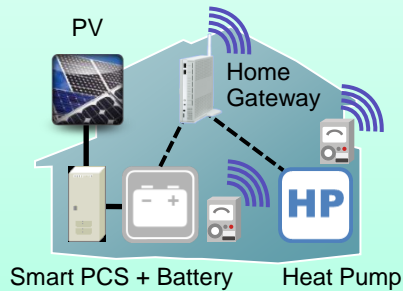
Example :  
- Emergency elevator  
- Emergency lighting  
- available power more than 50% of normal

# 4-5. Example configurations for island microgrid

## Smart Islands ICT Platform

Connectivity  
via Superfast  
Broadband

HEMS to optimise  
self-consumption and  
enable Tele-care



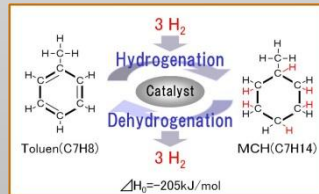
Energy Storage and  
Backup Generation



Community Energy Storage



Backup Diesel Generation

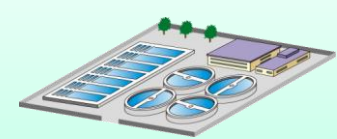


Carbon-Hydride (MCH)  
Energy Storage System

Integrated Seawater Desalination and Sewage-reuse



Seawater RO Desalination



RO Sewage Treatment

System Integration of Other Renewables



Small Scale PV



Wave Generation



Wind

EV Charging Infrastructure and Chargers

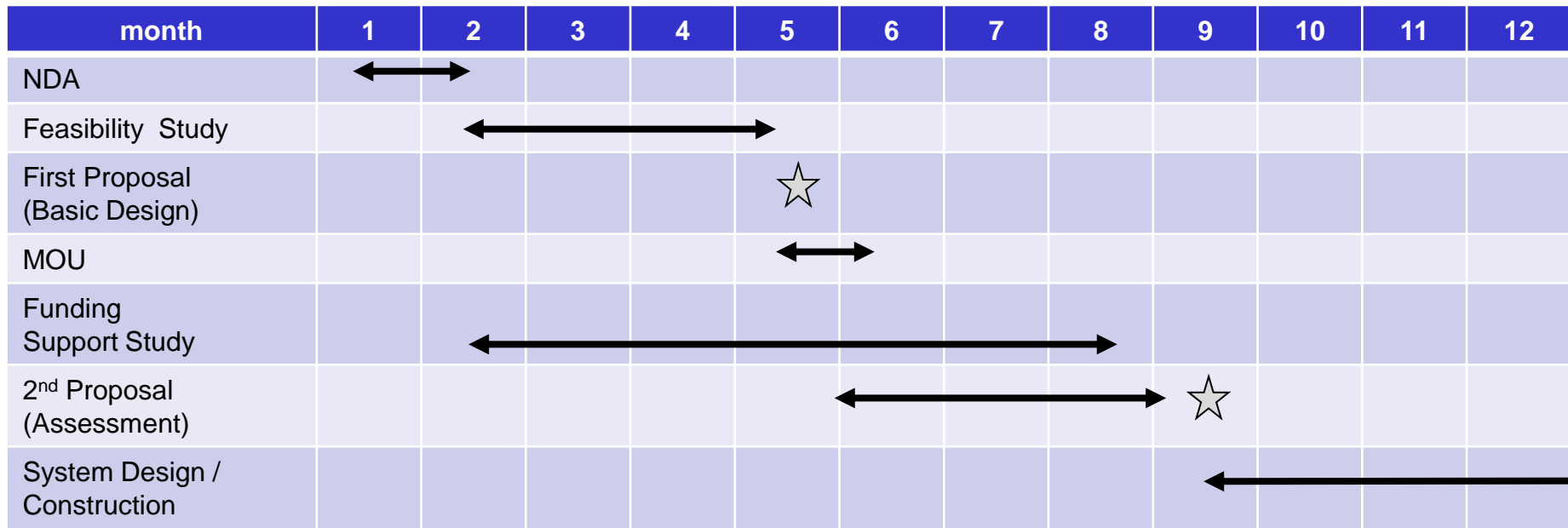


EV Rental Scheme



EV Quick Chargers

## 4-6. Example of timeline & FS items



Interviewee on FS	Methodology	Key Outcomes
Government	Interviews- Leadership, transport, estates, strategy, healthcare etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Qualify strategic goals &amp; share preliminary proposals</li> <li>• Identify specific opportunities / challenges with specialists</li> </ul>
Electric and Business segment	Focus group	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understanding existing business challenges</li> <li>• Explore perceptions of Smart island opportunities</li> </ul>
Residents	Focus group	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand existing challenges</li> <li>• Gauge appetite change</li> <li>• Explore perceptions of Smart island opportunities</li> </ul>
RE cooperative	Focus group or Interview	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• understand progress / programs to date</li> <li>• Explore future opportunities / goals aligned to Smart Island</li> </ul>
Local engineers	Interviews – Energy, waste, water etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Current infrastructure – technical assessment &amp; challenges</li> <li>• Views on Smart Island opportunities</li> </ul>

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